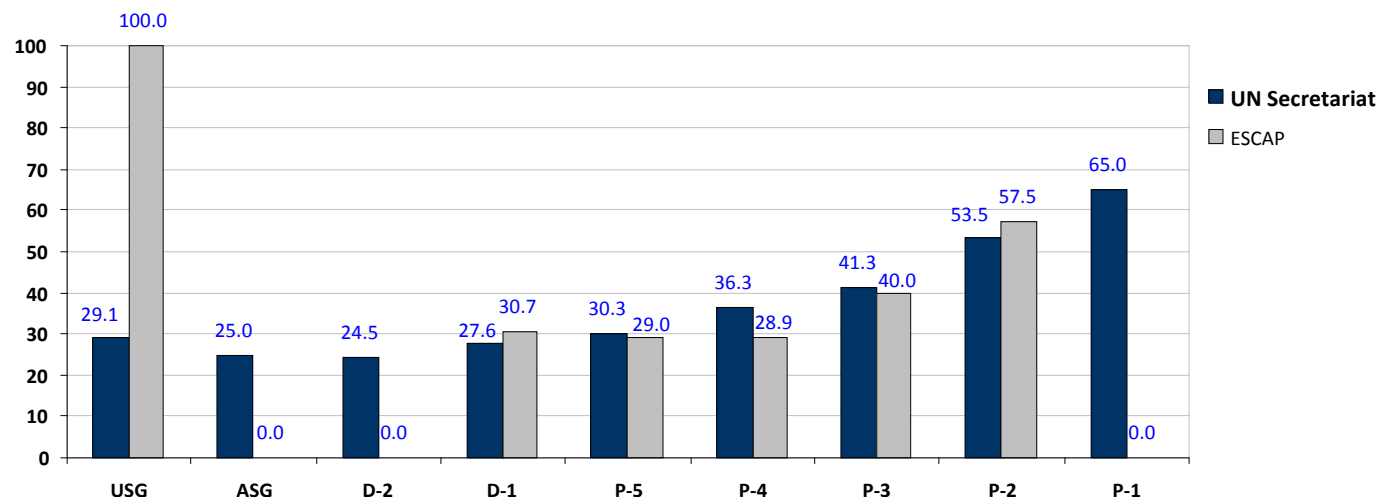


Gender distribution of staff in the Professional and higher categories

Percentage of women in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more in the United Nations Secretariat and ESCAP as at 31 December 2010



Trends in the representation of women in the Professional and higher categories – 2000 to 2010

During the period 2000-2010 in the UN Secretariat, the proportion of women increased by **3.3 percentage points**, from **35.5%** (1785 out of 5034) in 2000 to **38.8%** (3,945 out of 10,175) in 2010.

Level	% of women as of 31 Dec 2000	% of women as of 31 Dec 2010	Total change 2000-2010 (percentage points)	Average annual change 2000-2010 (percentage points)
USG	8.6	29.1	20.5	2.1
ASG	11.8	25	13.2	1.3
D-2	18.4	24.5	6.2	0.6
D-1	30.3	27.6	-2.7	-0.3
P-5	31.0	30.3	-0.7	-0.1
P-4	31.8	36.3	4.6	0.5
P-3	39.6	41.3	1.8	0.2
P-2	48.0	53.5	5.6	0.6

During the period 2000-2010 in ESCAP, the proportion of women increased by **8 percentage points**, from **30.1%** (44 out of 146) in 2000 to **38.1%** (66 out of 173) in 2010.

Level	% of women as of 31 Dec 2000	% of women as of 31 Dec 2010	Total change 2000-2010 (percentage points)	Average annual change 2000-2010 (percentage points)
USG	0.0	100.0	100.0	10.0
ASG	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D-2	100.0	0.0	-100.0	-10.0
D-1	22.2	30.8	8.5	0.9
P-5	15.4	29.0	13.6	1.4
P-4	20.8	28.9	8.1	0.8
P-3	32.4	40.0	7.6	0.8
P-2	62.5	57.6	-4.9	-0.5

P-1	50	65	15.0	1.5	P-1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
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<p>As of 31 December 2010, women in the UN Secretariat constituted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 38.8% (3,945 out of 10,175) of all staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more; • 26.9% (207 out of 770) of all staff at the D-1 level and above; • 39.7% (3,738 out of 9,405) of all staff at the P level; <p>Gender balance has only been achieved at the P-2 (53.5%) and P-1 (65%) levels. <u>Largest increase:</u> USG (20.5% from 8.6% in Dec. 2000 to 29.1% in Dec. 2010) and in ASG level(13.2% from 11.8% in Dec. 2000 to 25% in 2010); <u>Largest decrease:</u> D-1 (-2.7% from 30.3% in Dec 2000 to 27.6% in Dec 2010)</p>	<p>As of 31 December 2010, women in ESCAP constituted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 38.2% (66 out of 173) of all staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more; • 35.7% (5 out of 14) of all staff at the D-1 level and above; • 38.4% (61 out of 159) of all staff at the P level; <p>Gender balance has been achieved at the USG (100%) and P-2 (57.6%) levels. <u>Largest increase:</u> USG (100% from 0% in Dec. 2000 to 100% in Dec. 2010) and P-5 (13.6% from 15.4% in Dec. 2000 to 29% in Dec. 2010) <u>Largest decrease:</u> D-2 (-100% from 100% in Dec 2000 to 0% in Dec 2010)</p>
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Promotions, appointments, and separations in the Professional and higher categories – 1 January 2008 to 31 December 2009

<p>* PROMOTIONS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promotions of women accounted for 47.6% (435 out of 914) of all promotions to the P-2 to D-1 levels, 31.2% (25 out of 80) of promotions to the D-1 level, and 49.2% (410 out of 834) of promotions to the P-2 to P-5 levels. • Gender parity in promotions was only met at the P-2 (66.7%) and P-3 (52.2%) levels. • <u>Lowest proportion:</u> 31.3% (25 out of 80) at the D-1 level 	<p>* PROMOTIONS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promotions of women accounted for 27.8% (5 out of 18) of all promotions to the P-2 to D-1 levels, 100% (1 out of 1) at the D-1 and D-2 levels, and 23.5% (4 out of 17) of promotions to the P-2 to P-5 levels. • Gender parity in promotions was met at the D-1 (100%), P-3 (50%) and P-2 (50%) levels. • <u>Lowest proportion:</u> 0% (0 out of 4) at the P-5 level.
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<p>* APPOINTMENTS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appointments of women represented 42.7% (1,743 out of 4,085) of all appointments from the P-1 to the USG levels, 23.5% (4 out of 17) at the USG level, 22.9% (8 out of 35) at the ASG level, 26.1% (57 out of 218) at the D-1 level and above and 43.6% (1,686 out of 3,867) at the P-1 to P-5 levels. • Gender parity in appointments was only met at the P-1 level (62.1%) and P-2 level (58.0%). • <u>Lowest proportion:</u> 21.6% (11 out of 51) at the D-2 level 	<p>* APPOINTMENTS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appointments of women represented 55% (33 out of 60) of all appointments from the P-1 to the USG level, 0% (0 out of 3) at the D-1 level and above and 57.9% (33 out of 57) at the P-1 to P-5 levels. • Gender parity in appointments was met at the P-4 (50%), P-3 (55.6%), P-2 (76.5%) and P-1 (100%) levels. <p><u>Lowest proportion:</u> 0% (0 out of 3) at the D-1 level.</p>
<p>* SEPARATIONS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3,751 staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more separated out of a total of 10,118 staff. • Separations of women constituted: 42.8% (1,607 out of 3,751) of all separations in the Professional and higher categories. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 26.4% (72 out of 273) at the D-1 level and above ○ 44.1% (1,535 out of 3,478) at the Professional level (P-1 through P-5), • Major causes of separation: Women constituted 44.3% (1,153 out of 2,601) of appointments expirations, 42.7% (226 out of 529) of resignations, and 37.0% (133 out of 359) of mandatory retirements. 	<p>* SEPARATIONS *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Separations of women constituted: 51% (47 out of 92) of all separations in the Professional and higher categories. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 33.3% (1 out of 3) at the D-1 level and above ○ 51.7% (46 out of 89) at the Professional level (P-1 through P-5) • <u>Highest proportion:</u> 76.9% (20 out of 26) at the P-2 level; 55% (11 out of 20) at the P-3 level